

Expenses GuideNo Supervision, Direction and/or Control



Introduction

This guide gives you an overview of the type of employment expenses which HMRC consider qualify for tax relief and how to claim where you are working under no supervision, direction and/or control ('SDC') of the end client or any other person.

For this guide to be relevant to you, you must:

- not be working under any SDC (or a right of SDC), and to qualify for the expenses, you must have confirmed that this is the case.
- agree that submitting claims on a regular basis is the right process for you, and
- agree that each claim you submit will be for the current tax year only.

Claims for the previous tax year cannot be processed although may be claimed via HMRC.

General Principles

Non-travel expenses may be allowable provided they are incurred wholly, exclusively and necessarily in the performance of the duties of your employment.

To qualify for tax relief on travel expenses:

- 1. the expenses must be incurred due to travel in the performance of your duties or for necessary attendance,
- the expenses must not be in relation to ordinary commuting (i.e. your claims must be for journeys to/from a temporary workplace), and
- 3. where a workplace has changed, then the journey undertaken, or, the cost to travel to the new workplace must be significantly different from any permanent workplace.

The moment you believe a workplace can no longer be seen as a temporary workplace (for instance, because your time at a particular workplace will exceed 24 months, or you believe the assignment you are claiming for will be the only or final assignment you will undertake during your employment with PayStream), then you must stop submitting expenses and inform PayStream of the change to your circumstances by contacting the Expenses team.

Please note: Whilst claims for business mileage to a temporary workplace may be allowable without the costs being reimbursed by your agency or end client, tax relief for other travel and subsistence and non-travel expenses can only be claimed through PayStream where the expense is being reimbursed by your agency or end client.

To claim for non-mileage expenses which are not being reimbursed, you will generally need to submit a claim to HMRC in order to secure tax relief.

If you intend to submit claims for mileage or expenses please let us know and we will send you a questionnaire. If we can evidence you are not under SDC we will allow access to our portal/app where you can submit claims and upload receipts.

Receipts must be provided to support your claims and expenses may only be processed where we are satisfied that the claim can legitimately be reimbursed without deduction of tax and national insurance.

Any employee(s) found to be falsifying expense claims will face disciplinary action.

Contents

What can I claim through PayStream?

- Business mileage
- Other travel costs
- Hotels and subsistence (Meals)
- Other expenses

What can I claim through HMRC?

- Travel and subsistence
- Professional fees and subscriptions
- Working at home
- Computer hardware / software
- Identifiable cost of business telephone calls
- Uniforms, work clothing and tools

How can I claim from HMRC?

- Successful claim
- PayStream's Tax Claim Service



What can I claim through PayStream?

Business Mileage

Mileage can be claimed for all business related travel where you are obliged to travel to and from a temporary workplace (i.e. for inter-site or detached duty travel and not travel for traveling to a permanent workplace). You must hold appropriate business insurance to drive any vehicle in respect of business use.

Below are the different mileage rates available to claim from HMRC:

	First 10,000 miles per tax year	10,001+ miles per tax year
Car	45p	25p
Motorbike	24p	24p
Cycle	20p	20p

VAT receipts are required to process mileage claims and should be uploaded. The receipts provided must show that enough fuel has been purchased to cover the mileage claim.

A copy of pages 1 and 2 of your Vehicle Registration Document (V5) should be supplied as evidence of ownership of the vehicle. Generally, mileage can be claimed only where your own vehicle is used. However, in some instances, where you bear the costs connected with a vehicle which is not registered in your name, mileage may still be claimed. Please contact our Customer Care Team for further information.

Back to top

Other travel costs

If you have used any other means of travel such as a train or taxi, for a journey between your permanent workplace and a temporary workplace or between your home and your temporary workplace or you have any other related costs which are being reimbursed by your end client or agency such as car hire/fuel, parking, tolls etc. you should record these expenses on the portal/app and upload your receipts.

Back to top

Hotels & Subsistence (Meals)

You may also be able to claim the actual cost of meals and overnight stays if you have to stay away from home if you are working away from your permanent workplace at a temporary workplace and the expenses are being reimbursed by your end client or agency. The expense must be classed as 'reasonable' as per HMRC. You should record these expenses on the portal/app and upload your receipts.

Back to top

Other Expenses

Other expenses may only be claimed where you are being reimbursed by the end client or agency and where we are satisfied that the claim can legitimately be reimbursed without deduction of tax and National Insurance due to being wholly, exclusively and necessarily in the performance of the duties of your employment. You should record these expenses on the portal/app and upload your receipts.

Back to top

What can I claim through HMRC?

You may be able to claim tax relief directly from HMRC for the following employment expenses.

Travel and subsistence

If you travel to a temporary workplace and the cost is not reimbursed by your agency or client, you may be able to claim the relief back from HMRC. Please keep a record of the expense and retain the receipt.

Back to top

Professional fees and subscriptions

You can claim for fees or subscriptions you pay to approved professional organisations which have been approved by HMRC. Please record the expense and retain the receipt.

Back to top

Working at home

If you have to work at home on a regular basis you can claim up to £6 per week. This is regarded as covering the cost of things like business telephone calls or the extra cost of gas and electricity for your work area at home. You don't need to provide receipts for a claim like this – just record it on the portal/app.

If you want to claim more than £6 per week you will need to record the details and keep receipts. Remember that you can't claim for things that you use for both private and business use, e.g. rent or mortgage payments or broadband access.

Back to top

How can I claim from HMRC?

Any non-mileage claims that have not been relieved during the year can be claimed on a P87 or tax return at year end along with your other receipted expenses.

Successful Claim

The key to making a successful claim to tax relief for employment expenses is that it must pass the legal test of having been incurred wholly, exclusively and necessarily in the performance of the duties of the employment and should be capable of being supported by evidence of that expense, so don't forget to retain receipts.

Back to top

Computer hardware / software

If you have to buy substantial computer equipment in order to do your work, e.g. a laptop, providing that it is used wholly, exclusively and necessarily in the performance of the duties of your employment you may be able to claim the whole of the cost as an expense. Again you will need to record the expenses and retain the receipt.

Back to top

Identifiable cost of business telephone calls

Business calls are allowable for tax purposes but you will need to obtain itemised bills with that type of call highlighted in order to formulate a claim to HMRC. You will need to evidence the business calls on the bill and record the expense.

Back to top

PayStream's Tax Claim service

You can sign up to the PayStream Tax Claim Service and we will collate, check and submit the appropriate claim on your behalf. For more details of this service please email: tax@paystream.co.uk

Alternatively you can make a P87 claim directly to HMRC if the value of your expenses is less than £2500. To do this please click here.

If you have a salary sacrifice pension arrangement with PayStream and you claim expenses, your gross pay will be lower than if you didn't claim expenses. This limits the amount that you can sacrifice for a pension contribution. Instead, you may want to consider claiming tax relief for your expenses via an HMRC P87 form or your Self Assessment tax return.

Back to top

Uniforms, work clothing and tools

- Buying, repairing or replacing small tools you need to do your job
- Cleaning, repairing or replacing specialist clothing e.g. a uniform or safety boots
- Alternatively you can claim a 'flat rate deduction' agreed by HMRC with different occupational sectors. You don't need receipts to claim this if it applies to you. Details can be found here.

Back to top